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Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study T = 294 K Mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.005 \text{ Å}$ R factor = 0.041 wR factor = 0.090 Data-to-parameter ratio = 14.1

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan $R_{\rm int}=0.031$ $\theta_{\rm max} = 26.4^\circ$ (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\min} = 0.926, T_{\max} = 0.955$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$ wR(F²) = 0.090 S = 1.043370 reflections 239 parameters H-atom parameters constrained $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \ \mathrm{mm}$ 5559 measured reflections 3370 independent reflections 2440 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0405P)^2]$ + 0.0335P] where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1154 Friedel pairs Flack parameter: 0.05 (10)

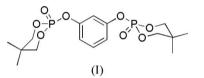
1,3-Bis(5,5-dimethyl-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphinan-2-yloxy)benzene

In the title compound, $C_{16}H_{24}O_8P_2$, the P atoms adopt slightly distorted tetrahedral geometries as components of sixmembered rings adopting chair conformations.

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Comment

The title compound, (I), is a phosphorus-containing flame retardant (Horst, 1998). As part of our studies of these materials, compound (I) was synthesized and its crystal structure is reported here.



In the molecular structure of (I) (Fig. 1) the heterocyclic rings adopt chair conformations. The P atoms adopt slightly distorted tetrahedral configurations, with O-P-O bond angles ranging between 101.11 (12) and 115.28 (14)°.

Experimental

Crystal data $C_{16}H_{24}O_8P_2$

 $M_r = 406.29$

Monoclinic, C2 a = 22.646 (7) Å

b = 6.3642 (19) Å

c = 13.795 (4) Å

V = 1969.0 (10) Å³

 $\beta = 97.960(5)^{\circ}$

The title compound was prepared according to a previously published method (Horst, 1998) from resorcinol; crystals of (I) were obtained from methanol.

Z = 4

 $D_x = 1.371 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 0.26 \text{ mm}^-$

T = 294 (2) K

Block, colorless

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The H atoms were positioned geometrically (C-H = 0.93–0.97 Å) and refined as riding with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ or $1.5U_{eq}(methyl C)$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Bruker, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

References

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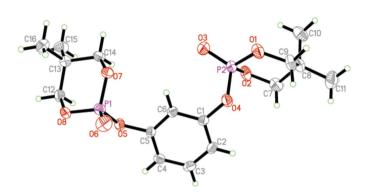


Figure 1

View of the molecular structure of (I) with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level (arbitrary spheres for the H atoms).